CLOSED SHELF

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CLOSED SHELF

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, received the Head of the military delegation of the Soviet Union who visited the DPRK.

Marshal KIM IL SUNG Receives Head of Military Delegation Of Soviet Union

PYONGYANG, Apr. 28 (KCNA) — Comrade Kim Il Sung received today Marshal of the Soviet Union, M.V. Zakharov, Chief of General Staff of the Soviet Army and First Deputy Defence Minister, who is heading the visiting military delegation of the Soviet Union.

Present on the occasion was General O Jin U, Chief of General Staff of the Korean People's Army.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a friendly conversation with the guest.

Premier KIM IL SUNG Cables Summit Conference of Indochinese Peoples

PYONGYANG, Apr. 28 (KCNA) — Premier Kim Il Sung sent on Apr. 23 a telegram to the Summit Conference of the Indochinese Peoples.

The telegram reads:

I, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people and in my own name, extend warm congratulations and militant greetings to the Summit Conference of the Indochinese Peoples and the attendants of the conference which will discuss measures for the anti-U.S. common struggle standing out urgently before the Indochinese peoples.

Your conference has been convened at a time when a new grave situation has been created due to the manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists for aggression and war expansion against the three countries of Indochina.

Today the U.S. imperialists, dreaming of easily attaining the goal of aggression in Asia by "means of making Asians fight Asians," are continuing the barbarous war of destruction in South Vietnam under the cloak of the "Vietnamization" of war and intensifying the armed intervention in Laos, and some time ago they engineered the right-wing clique of Cambodia to stage a reactionary coup d'etat and are resorting to vicious machinations to pull Cambodia into their war of aggression.

But, with nothing can the U.S. imperialists save their already declining fate or put down the furious flame of the daily mounting anti-U.S. struggle of the Indochinese peoples.

The peoples of Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia enjoying active support and encouragement of the peace-loving peoples of the whole world will certainly win the struggle for their righteous cause and the U.S. imperialist aggressors will suffer a shameful defeat and be chased out of Indochina sooner or later.

The Korean people resolutely condemn the U.S. imperialists for committing aggression and barbarities against the Indochinese peoples and express firm militant solidarity with the Indochinese peoples who are fighting valiantly in the war of resistance against U.S. imperialism and for national salvation.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I once again assure you that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will, in the future, too, assist with might and main the peoples of Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia in their sacred struggle, firmly standing on their side.

Believing that the Summit Conference of the Indochinese Peoples will greatly contribute to the unity of the Indochinese peoples and the cause of the anti-U.S. common struggle, I sincerely wish your conference great success in its work.

Marshal KIM IL SUNG And President Choi Yong Kun Send Greetings To Chinese Leaders

PYONGYANG, Apr. 26 (KCNA) — Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Comrade Choi Yong Kun, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent on Apr. 26 a telegram of greetings to Comrade Mao Tse-tung, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, Comrade Lin Piao, vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, and Comrade Chou En-lai, Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, in connection with China's successful launching of its first man-made earth satellite.

Follows the telegram of greetings:

It was with great joy that we heard the news of the successful launching in China of the first man-made earth satellite on the 24th of April.

We, in the name of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Government of the Republic and the entire Korean people, extend warm congratulations to you and the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, the Government of the People's Republic of China, the fraternal Chinese people and the workers, scientists and technicians and the commanders and fighters of the People's Liberation Army who have been engaged in the research, manufacture and launching of the satellite, on China's successful launching of its first man-made earth satellite.

The successful launching of the first man-made earth satellite in China is a shining victory won by the Chinese people in the struggle for strengthening and developing sciences and technology and defence capacity, holding high the revolutionary banner of self-reliance under the leadership of the Communist Party of China, and it is an eloquent demonstration of the might of Chinese sciences.

This great success achieved by the sciences and technology of China is a severe blow to the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists who, pursuing the policy of nuclear blackmail, are intensifying the manoeuvres for aggression and war, and is a new force of inspiration for the revolutionary peoples of the whole world who are fighting against imperialism and for freedom and national independence.

The Korean people are heartily rejoiced, as over their own, over the success of the Chinese people and wholeheartedly wish the Chinese people more new victory in future in the struggle for further developing the Chinese sciences and technology, space technology in particular and accelerating the socialist construction.

DPRK Government Issues Statement Supporting Joint Declaration of Summit Conference of Indochinese Peoples

PYONGYANG, Apr. 29 (KCNA)—The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement on Apr. 29 sternly denouncing the atrocities of massacre and criminal acts being perpetrated by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys against the Indochinese peoples and fully supporting the joint declaration of the Summit Conference of the Indochinese Peoples dated Apr. 25, 1970.

Follows the full text of the statement:

The Summit Conference of the Indochinese Peoples held from Apr. 24 to 25 on the initiative of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, issued a joint declaration after discussing the situation created in the Indochinese Peninsula due to the war expansion manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists, and measures of struggle to counter it.

The joint declaration sternly denounced aggression and crimes committed by the U.S. imperialists in Indochina for 15 years after noting the brilliant victories won by the Indochinese peoples in their sacred struggle against the aggressors, affirmed that the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle they are waging today aims at defending independence, peace and neutrality, expelling all the foreign troops from the Indochinese Peninsula, dismantling the foreign military bases and preventing their territories from being used in aggression against other countries.

And the joint declaration appealed to the three peoples of Indochina to unite close and fight with heroism to defeat the American imperialists and their lackeys, defend their national rights and turn their countries into an area of independence and peace, thus contributing to the cause of peace in Southeast Asia and the world and expressed their firm determination to fight to the end and resolutely supporting each other and strengthening militant solidarity with each other on the principle of mutual respect, against the U.S. imperialists, the common enemy, and their lackeys, tightly holding arms in hand. It extended support to the struggle of the peoples of Asia, Africa, Latin America and the rest of the world against imperialism and colonialism headed by U.S. imperialism and for peace, national independence, democracy and social progress and expressed solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle for forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops to withdraw from South Korea and achieving the independent unification of the fatherland.

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Anti-Japanese Armed Struggle Opened New Revolutionary Era in National Liberation Struggle and Communist Movement of Korea

— On Occasion of 38th Birthday of Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army —

25 is the 38th founding day of the glorious Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army which was organized by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, organized and waged the anti-Japanese armed struggle which holds a most brilliant place in the history of the revolutionary struggle of the Korean people.

By leading the anti-Japanese armed struggle to a brilliant victory, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, developed the national liberation movement and communist movement in Korea to a new, higher stage, defeated Japanese imperialism and accomplished the cause of the national liberation and established the brilliant revolutionary traditions.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle different from all the struggles waged in our country in the preceding years, was a great revolutionary struggle which was guided by the great ideas of *Juche* of Marshal Kim Il Sung and crowned with victory.

Marshal Kim Il Sung taught us:

"The essential features distinguishing the anti-Japanese armed struggle in the 1930's from the struggle in the 1920's are that it was firmly based on the stand of Juche."

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, struggled energetically to establish *Juche*, teaching that the establishment of *Juche* in the Korean communist movement and anti-Japanese national liberation struggle in the 1930's was a fundamental question upon which the victory or failure of the Korean revolution depended and a key point decisive of the destiny of our nation and the revolution.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle personally organized and guided by Marshal Kim Il Sung was an anti-imperialist, national liberation war fought for the first time in history under the banner of Marxism-Leninism when the country had been completely turned into a colony of foreign imperialism.

The condition under which everything needed for the armed struggle had to be obtained by ourselves, as there was no state rear or any assistance from outside, raised it as a more urgent task to give full scope to the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance standing firmly on the stand of *Juche*.

The establishment of *Juche* in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle stood out with greater urgency in connection with the harm of flunkeyism and dogmatism done to the anti-Japanese national liberation struggle of our country and the communist movement in Korea.

The historic cause of establishing *Juche* in the Korean revolution was brought to realization only by Marshal Kim Il Sung, an outstanding Marxist-Leninist.

Marshal Kim Il Sung put forth the fighting line and strategic and tactical principle for the Korean revolution by creatively applying the principles of Marxism-Leninism to the specific conditions of our country, standing firm on the stand of *Juche*.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, on the basis of a scientific analysis of the social and economic conditions and national and class antagonisms in Korea relying on the great ideas of *Juche*, clarified the character of the Korean revolution as the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution, gave a most correct definition of its tasks, motive power and objects of struggle and set

Traditional Korean painting "Comrade Kim Il Sung Proclaiming the Founding of the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army" (April 25, 1932)

forth the lines of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the united anti-Japanese national front and the founding of a Korean Communist Party. He overcame flunkeyism and all hues of opportunism in the struggle for pushing through this *Juche*-motivated line and firmly guaranteed the vigorous development of the Korean revolution.

Marshal Kim Il Sung clearly expounded that it was an inalienable right and the noblest revolutionary task of the Korean people for the Korean Communists and the Korean people to fight for the Korean revolution, assuming responsibility for the revolution of their country. And he expounded with principled logic that the successful carrying out of revolution in each country by its communists was not an act prompted by national egoism but it accorded with the principles of proletarian internationalism and contributed to the development of the international revolutionary movement.

The heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle could end in brilliant victory because it started entirely in accordance with the great ideas of *Juche* of Marshal Kim Il Sung and took the steadfast ideas of *Juche* as its guiding compass.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle, was a revolutionary war waged in conformity with the scientific strategy and tactics advanced on the basis of the great ideas of *Juche* of Marshal Kim Il Sung for the first time in history.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle was a great revolutionary struggle which developed the communist movement and national liberation movement of our country to a new, higher stage, because it was a most active and decisive struggle which defeated the Japanese imperialist aggressors armed to the teeth and attained the national independence and liberation and, at the same time, it was the centre of all the struggles.

The Korean people had waged incessantly, in various forms and ways, struggles against the Japanese imperialist aggressors and for the national independence and liberation from long ago.

But every time these struggles ended in failure for the brutal suppression by Japanese imperialism and their own restrictions.

The Korean people, under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander and the great Leader of the revolution, organized and waged the 15-year long anti-Japanese armed struggle with a genuine revolutionary armed force formed with fine workers, peasants and patriotic youths, and only then they could put a stop to the failures which had been repeated in the preceding movement and win national independence and liberation and open a new historic age in the anti-Japanese national liberation struggle.

And the anti-Japanese armed struggle was a most powerful form of struggle which strongly inspired and stirred the struggles of all other forms of the masses of the people and it was the centre of the anti-Japanese national liberation movement in our country.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle closely combined the military operations with political activities along the original line advanced by Marshal Kim Il Sung, thus playing a decisive role in carrying the revolutionary movement of our country forcefully forward. And all other forms of struggle of the masses of the people were combined with the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the most active and decisive struggle, so they could advance unswervingly in organizational unity.

Especially the founding of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland was an important event in the anti-Japanese armed struggle becoming the firm centre of the Korean revolution and forcefully pushing forward the anti-Japanese national liberation movement as a whole.

From the first days after he put forth the line of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, Marshal Kim Il Sung advanced an original way of pushing ahead with the armed struggle and the movement of the united anti-Japanese national front simultaneously in close combination and waged a bloody struggle for its realization, and, on the basis of the precious experiences accumulated in this course, founded the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland, the first organization of the united anti-Japanese national front in our country, in May 1936.

With the founding of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland, the historic aspiration of the Korean people to realise the unity of the whole nation in the struggle against the Japanese imperialist aggressors was brought to brilliant realization and the Korean revolution began developing more vigorously on a nationwide scale.

The glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle was a great revolutionary struggle which laid a solid organizational and ideological groundwork for founding the Korean Communist Party and developing the communist movement in our country to a new stage.

Marshal Kim Il Sung taught us:

"The anti-Japanese armed struggle, having overcome the fundamental weaknesses that were found in the early years of the communist movement in Korea, laid the organizational and ideological groundwork for the founding of a Marxist-Leninist Party and established the most glorious revolutionary traditions of our people."

Marshal Kim Il Sung set forth a wise line for the founding of the Korean Communist Party by analysing and reviewing the revolutionary situation created early in the 1930's, especially the serious lesson of the communist movement in the 1920's and applying the Marxist-Leninist theory of Party upbuilding creatively to the specific conditions of the communist movement in our country, and brilliantly pushed it through.

Marshal Kim Il Sung resolutely smashed the wrong argument of the factionalists for founding the Party.

Marshal Kim Il Sung also gave scientific exposition of concrete ways for laying the organizational and ideological groundwork for the founding of the Party. He taught that the organizational backbone for founding the Party should be firmly built up by rearing the picked elements of the worker and peasant origin into communists through struggle and steadily expanding their ranks, that factionalism and Right and "Left" opportunism should be eradicated to achieve firm unity in ideology and will of the communist ranks and, at the same time, a solid mass ground for the founding of the Party should be laid through the rallying of broad masses in organizations by strengthened political work among the working people.

Under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung a large number of young communists of worker and poor peasant origin boundlessly faithful to the Leader grew up and an organizational backbone for founding the Party was firmly built up in the flames of the arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle and the ranks of communists were welded together organizationally and their purity achieved. The organized unit of new fine communists of worker and poor peasant origin tested and seasoned in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle was not only the basic core force for the victory of the immediate revolutionary struggle but also a reliable organizational backbone of the Korean Communist Party to be founded in future.

The firm unity of the communists in ideology and will based on the great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung was attained in the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

Through the anti-Japanese armed struggle flunkeyism and factionalism that had existed down through history in the communist movement in our country were overcame and *Juche* was firmly established in the Korean revolution.

Through the anti-Japanese armed struggle and the united anti-Japanese national front movement Marshal Kim Il Sung also firmly laid a mass foundation for founding the Korean Communist Party.

As seen above, it was thanks to this organizational and ideological preparations for founding the Party made by Marshal Kim Il Sung in the course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle that the Workers' Party of Korea could be founded on a solid basis under the complex circumstances after Liberation and from the first day of its founding the WPK has been able to lead the revolutionary struggle of the Korean people to a glorious victory.

The most glorious revolutionary traditions of the WPK and people could be established only through the heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution.

As the historic experiences of the anti-Japanese national liberation movement and the communist movement in our country show, the tradition of a Party of the working class cannot be established in a movement devoid of the leadership of an outstanding leader of the revolution.

The revolutionary traditions that should be carried forward by the WPK and people from generation to generation could be established through the anti-Japanese armed struggle, as it was waged under the personal leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of the revolution, guided by the line of the Korean revolution and the strategic and tactical principle, the brilliant embodiment of his great ideas of *Juche*.

Marshal Kim Il Sung taught us:

"The only traditions we must inherit are the revolutionary traditions of the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army that fought in defence of the interests of the working people under the banner of Marxism-Leninism."

Embodied in the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the WPK established by Marshal Kim Il Sung during his early revolutionary struggle and in the course of organizing and leading the heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle, are his great revolutionary ideas, the sagacity of his leadership and outstanding strategy and tactics and his lofty virtues, revolutionary principle, unbending will and revolutionary work method and popular style of work.

The revolutionary traditions with the ideological system, revolutionary method of work and popular style of work, precious fighting experiences and revolutionary exploits as their basic contents, which were established by Marshal Kim Il Sung during the anti-Japanese armed struggle, are the most valuable revolutionary assets and the firm wherewithal and roots of the Korean revolution that the WPK and people should carry forward and develop in an allround way generation after generation.

The brilliant revolutionary traditions of the WPK are not only pro-

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President Choi Yong Kun Speaks at Moscow Meet Commemorating Centenary of Birthday of V.I. Lenin

PYONGYANG (KCNA) — Comrade Choi Yong Kun, Member of the Political Committee and its Presidium, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Secretary of the Party Central Committee and President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, who is heading the delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea, made a speech on Apr. 22 at the joint meeting of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the Supreme Soviet of the Russian Soviet Federative Socialist Republic commemorating centenary of the birth of V.I. Lenin.

Pointing out that the great Lenin devoted his whole life to the lofty revolutionary cause of the working class and recorded brilliant exploits in the liberation history of mankind, Comrade Choi Yong Kun said:

The ideas of Lenin are Marxism in the era of imperialism and proletarian revolution, a militant banner illumining the road of liberation struggle before the oppressed and dependent peoples and a powerful weapon arousing them to the decisive struggle for national and social emancipation. The glorious path traversed by the world working class and the revolutionary peoples of the world has been the course of the brilliant victory of Leninism.

The heroic Russian working class under the leadership of Lenin and the Bolshevik Party founded by him broke the chains of capitalism for the first time in the history of mankind and accomplished the cause of carrying out socialist revolution.

After the victory of the October Revolution, the working class and entire people of the Soviet Union completed the industrialization of the country and agricultural cooperativization in the encirclement of capitalism, defended with credit the socialist motherland from the encroachments of the enemies at home and abroad and delivered the peoples of a number of countries in Europe and Asia from the danger of fascist slavery, pulling through manifold difficulties and overcoming all kinds of trials along the road indicated by Lenin.

Saying that since the progressive peoples the world over held aloft the banner of Lenin there have taken place unprecedented revolutionary changes on the globe, Comrade Choi Yong Kun continued:

Today socialism has been developed into a world system and expanded as far as the Western Hemisphere, going beyond the boundary of a single country, and the world socialist system has become the decisive factor in the development of the history of mankind exerting a greater influence on the development of the world revolution.

The revolutionary events that have taken place in Asia in the past scores of years clearly show the great vitality of the doctrine of Lenin on the national liberation movement in the colonies of the East.

The peoples in the East who gained boundless strength and courage from the great ideas of Lenin on the questions of colonies and nations and found the correct road of struggle in the victory of the October Revolution have awakened from the centuries-old slumber, radically changed the looks of Asia by waging a decisive and gallant struggle against imperialism and colonialism under the leadership of the working class.

Hundreds of millions of Asian people have already cast off the cursed yoke of colonial slavery and are making a continuous, triumphant advance along the road of socialism, and the peoples of a number of countries have won national independence.

The history of the arduous revolutionary struggle of the Korean people is replete with victory of the ideas of the great Lenin.

At the time of the national disasters when dark clouds of the Japanese imperialist colonial rule were heavily hanging over the land of our country, the Korean Communists, revolutionary workers and peasants waged a bloody, heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle for 15 years with the revolutionary ideas of Lenin as their strategic and tactical guide line and defeated the Japanese imperialists, fighting shoulder to shoulder with the Soviet Army, and achieved the historic victory of the liberation of the fatherland.

Our people who rose up in the upbuilding of a new fatherland under the wise leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung thoroughly carried out the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution and built in the northern half of the Republic a reliable base for the national unification and the nation-wide victory of the revolution in view of the new revolutionary situation created due to the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea and their aggressive policy, and defeated the U.S. imperialist aggressors in the Fatherland Liberation War and honourably defended the gains of revolution.

Our people have made brilliant successes in socialist revolution and socialist construction and turned our country, where harsh exploitation and oppression, centuries-old backwardness and poverty prevailed in the past, into a developed socialist state by displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

The great social and economic changes that have taken place in the northern half of the Republic are exerting a great revolutionary influence upon the South Korean people who are groaning under the ferocious colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists and powerfully inspiring them to the revolutionary struggle for freedom, national independence and the unification of the country.

Since the first days of its founding our Party has achieved the successes and victory of today, overcoming all difficulties under the ever-victorious banner of Marxism-Leninism and will, in future, too, discharge its national and international duty by waging a continuous, undaunted struggle under this banner for the complete victory of socialism, the unification of the fatherland and the nation-wide victory of the Koren revolution.

Comrade Choi Yong Kun noted that the U.S. imperialists are making a desperate attempt to find a way out of their imminent doom in the aggravation of the international tension and a new war of aggression.

Pointing out that particularly the aggressive and subversive machination of the U.S. imperialists against the socialist countries have become all the more unscrupulous in recent years, Comrade Choi Yong Kun said that they are stepping up ideological and cultural infiltration into the European countries to subvert them from within and viciously scheming to smash Asian countries one by one by openly resorting to force of arms.

Today the U.S. imperialists are directing the spearhead of aggression to Asia and putting up revived Japanese militarism as the "shock brigade" in a sinister attempt to easily attain their aggressive aim in this area, he noted.

He went on:

The more the imperialists intensify the manoeuvrings for aggression and war, the stauncher resistance of the people they will encounter.

The struggle of the world working class and the oppressed peoples for burying imperialism and achieving national and class emancipation is surging to ever greater heights on a world-wide scale.

As Lenin predicted, the proletarian revolution and the overthrow of capitalist yoke are drawing near in all countries on the globe and that day is sure to come.

This is the law of development of history which no force on earth can hold in check.

Saying that our people always cherish a warm feeling of friendship toward the fraternal Soviet people and greatly value friendship and solidarity with them, Comrade Choi Yong Kun declared in conclusion:

Holding high the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, the revloutionary banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, the Korean people will as ever unite with the peoples of the Soviet Union and all other socialist countries and the revolutionary peoples of Asia, Africa, Latin America and the rest of the world and resolutely fight for peace, democracy, national independence and the common cause of socialism.

Anti-U.S. Struggle Must Be Strengthened Across Globe!

— On Occasion of May Day, Holiday of Working People of World —

May day is the international holiday when the working people of the world demonstrate their militant might and unity.

On this day we offer the warmest congratulations to the entire working people of the fatherland. They are bringing about continued innovations in scaling the heights of the Seven-Year Plan to meet the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, upholding the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader.

We extend our militant greetings to the South Korean people. They are carrying out their vigorous anti-U.S., national salvation struggle to bring near the day of national reintegration, looking up to Marshal Kim Il Sung as the sun of the nation.

We warmly congratulate all the CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) workers and compatriots here on this day. They are effecting new innovations in all domains of CHONGRYUN work to greet the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and the 9th Congress of CHONGRYUN with high political enthusiasm and great successes, supporting the teachings of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

We also extend our militant greetings to all working people of the world fighting against imperialism and colonialism, oppression and exploitation for freedom and liberation, national independence and social progress, peace and democracy.

Over 80 years have passed since the working class of the world marked May Day as the day when they demonstrated their international solidarity and militant might, in order to cut off the fetters of capital.

During the period great progress and innovations were made across the globe.

Socialism was triumphant and national independence achieved in many countries of the world.

The peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America who were oppressed and plundered by capitalism and imperialism for centuries have risen up valiantly and made their debut on the stage of history. The colonial system of imperialism is now crumbling rapidly.

Marshal Kim Il Sung taught:

"Today we are living in an era of revolution, a turbulent era in which the great tide of world revolution is surging up like a flood."

Under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung the Korean people won the 15-year-long anti-Japanese armed struggle, thereby defeated Japanese imperialism, attained their national independence and achieved a complete transformation in a short space of time on the soil of the fatherland where exploitation and oppression prevailed for thousands of years.

In the northern half of the Republic the most advanced socialist system was established. Under the system exploitation and oppression were done away with once and for all and everybody is working, learning and leading a happy life.

Based on the inherent advantage of socialist system, the people's economy is developing at a high speed and the living standards of the people are being raised rapidly.

All the successes scored by the Korean people in the revolution and construction are due entirely to the top-quality leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution.

EDITORIAL

But in sharp contrast to this, the South Korean people are squirming under the ruthless plunder and fascist terror of U.S. imperialism and its lackeys.

Today South Korea has been turned into a complete colony and a military base of U.S. imperialism. Its economy has been destroyed and the national culture of the Korean people has been thoroughly trampled.

To crown it all, Japanese militarism has been undisguised in the reinvasion of South Korea.

As a result, the South Korean people are ill-clad and hunger-stricken, suffering from two-fold and three-fold exploitation and oppression and millions of the unemployed and beggars are wandering about the streets. Nor is that all. They are being undescribably insulted and humiliated by the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Marshal Kim Il Sung taught:

"Where there are exploitation and oppression, there always breaks out the revolutionary struggle of the people and where oppressors intensify their tyranny, the people's struggle against it always becomes more organized and tenacious."

Today South Korean revolutionaries and people look up to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people as the sun of the nation and are undertaking the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle in every form along the road to the South Korean revolution and national unification, indicated by him.

In a bid to shore up the shaky foundations for colonial rule confronted with crisis, the U.S. imperialists are strengthening the fascist oppression of the South Korean people and making frenzied efforts to ignite another war in Korea.

They are increasing their military might in South Korea and carrying out military provocations against the northern half of the Republic almost every day.

Their rackets for triggering a new war have entered a grave stage since the incident of the "Pueblo," the armed spy ship and the incident of the "EC-121," the spy plane.

At present, the U.S. imperialists are conducting the machinations for aggression and war not only in our country but also in every part of the world.

Under the pretext of "Vietnamization," they are stepping up the criminal aggressive war against the Vietnamese people; making desperate efforts for increased aggression on and armed intervention in Laos; and perpetrating the criminal acts of sabotage against the Cambodian people by framing up a reactionary coup d'etat.

They went so far as to make a reckless armed invasion on Cambodia.

They are continuously carrying out provocative acts against Cuba and egging Israeli Zionists on to expand the aggression on the Arab people.

All the fact shows that U.S. imperialism is not only the sworn enemy of the Korean people but also the main force of aggression and war and the vicious common enemy of the world's people.

Apart from the struggle against U.S. imperialism, it is impossible for us to defend world peace, win national liberation and independence and achieve the victory of democracy and socialism.

A resolute anti-U.S. struggle must be strengthened across the world.

The intensified manoeuvres for aggression and war on the part of U.S. imperialism are not a sign of their "mightiness," but, on the contrary, prove their weakness.

When the spearhead of attack is directed at U.S. imperialism and all the revolutionary people unite strength and unfold a powerful struggle against U.S. imperialism in all parts of the world, U.S. imperialism will perish in the end and the revolutionary cause of the people will certainly emerge victorious.

The Korean people will uphold the banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle and strengthen militant solidarity with all the countries and all the peoples who are fighting against the U.S. imperialist policy of aggression and war.

The Korean people, thoroughly armed with the revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, and rallied rock-firm behind him, will surely accomplish the cause of forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressors to withdraw from South Korea and unifying the country.

15th Birthday of CHONGRYUN

Marshal KIM IL SUNG Lit Road to Rebirth before Koreans in Japan by Undertaking Anti-Japanese Armed Struggle in 1930's

May 25 will fall on the 15th birthday of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan). It was organized and protected by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader. This fills the hearts of the entire CHONGRYUN workers and Korean people in this country with boundless adoration for and loyalty to Marshal Kim Il Sung who has always led the Korean people to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity, and shows all kinds of paternal interest in the Korean population in Japan. He is the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement.

For more than 40 years from his early days he took the road of revolutionary struggle, till today, as the sun of our nation, Marshal Kim Il Sung has devoted himself entirely to the freedom and happiness of the people and to the victory of the cause of socialism and communism, and showered unending paternal love upon Korean people living in Japan.

To commemorate the 15th birthday of CHONGRYUN, the article will be printed in three installments starting with the current issue, dealing with the parental love of Marshal Kim Il Sung for Korean citizens in Japan, the love higher than mountains and deeper than the seas....Ed.

The destiny of the country was under the most serious threats because of the most barbarous colonial rule of Japanese imperialism. The Korean people strongly looked for some leader who would deliver their unfortunate country and the people. At such a time, the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, carrying on his shoulders the destiny of the fatherland and the people, took the lead in the Korean revolution, and led the Korean people to win in their revolutionary struggle.

The vicious Japanese imperialist brigands had freely and mercilessly oppressed the Korean people and looted away the whole resources of our country, including land, grains, and tried to erase the Korean history and culture by banning the use of the Korean language. They reduced the Korean people to a stateless people.

With nothing left in their hands, the people were brought to the road to death in forced labour and military service. Some had to leave their beloved hometowns, deprived of the means of living, to wander in foreign lands, shedding tears of blood.

Nor was this all. The Japanese imperialist aggressors had committed surprise attacks on the local people at night or predawn and kidnapped them at random. They kidnapped even the peasants working on their fields, to take them to collieries or construction sites of military importance in Japan, or to islands in the Southern Seas

As far as we know, the number of the Koreans forcibly brought to Japan by the brigands exceeded far 1.5 million. According to data with many parts deleted by the Japanese imperialist aggressors, some 364,000 Korean compatriots had been forcibly enlisted into the heinous Japanese aggressive army as cannon fodders..

In Japan, the unfortunate Korean compatriots were forced to work at most hazardous and difficult jobs in munition plants, military airstrips, collieries, railway construction sites, across Japan. There they were languishing under the maltreatment, exploitation, oppression of Japanese imperialists. Many died, pouring out blood under the lash of the scoundrels.

The whole nation were writhing under the horrible colonial rule of the enemy Japanese imperialism, at a critical hour. At this very time, the sun of the nation Marshal Kim Il Sung raised aloft the torchlight of national restoration.

Being the sun of the nation, Marshal Kim Il Sung, standing at the head of the Korean revolution, organized and led the arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle for 15 years, to save the people and bring freedom and liberation to them, and led the Korean people to victory.

The struggle was hard and bitter, full of grave ordeals. During these hard days, he charted a great plan to build a new society free from exploitation where the entire people would be able to live in happiness and harmony. He had his warm affection and care reach out to those Korean compatriots living in foreign lands.

He has always linked the question of overseas compatriots closely to the task of the anti-imperialist national liberation of the Korean people.

The reason is that the movement overseas of many compatriots was one of the results of the vicious colonial rule of the Japanese imperialists, and that they have been subjected to national oppression and exploitation by imperialist reactionaries, even in foreign countries.

Marshal Kim Il Sung forcefully inspired the people to a sacred struggle to defeat the most heinous brigands Japanese imperialists and liberate the fatherland, and lit the road to follow, for Korean compatriots wandering in strange lands, undergoing the tragedy of statelessness, and sowed seeds of struggle among them.

"...Why should we have stateless bitters in a foreign land, leaving the fatherland with beautiful mountains and clear waters? It is because of the Japanese imperialists. The Japanese imperialist robbers deprived us of our hometowns where our forefathers lie under the sod. Not only this, they, running after us here, oppress us, making our life here unbearable, and go so far as to set fire on villages and slaughter the people....

...There is only two ways left for the Korean people, to fight Japanese imperialism in a determined manner and restore the fatherland, or to remain slaves of Japanese imperialism for good.

In order to fight and defeat the Japanese imperialism armed to the teeth, we must take up arms, rise and fight...."

Marshal Kim Il Sung made this statement before workers at a certain lumber station in Northeast China (formerly called "Manchuria") in 1934. This remark was indeed a great appeal to Korean compatriots roaming in foggy darkness, inspiring them to a just struggle.

Those days, the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung was the dearest name to all the Koreans, living at home or abroad. His wise leadership, outstanding strategy and tactics, lofty communist revolutionary spirit and his deepest love for the popular masses had endeared him to them.

The torchlight of fatherland restoration lit by Marshal Kim Il Sung on the Baekdu Ranges instilled a hope for new life and strength for resurrection into the Korean compatriots groaning under the jackboots of Japanese imperialism.

Boundlessly impressed by the wise command and lofty virtues of the Leader who was leading the anti-Japanese armed struggle to victory, and by his warm love for them the Koreans in Japan stoutly maintained their life and firmed up their resolve to fight on.

To Korean compatriots many of whom died, shedding blood, hell-like bond-labourers' pens in Hokkaido, bloody railway construction sites and military construction sites, Marshal Kim Il Sung was the great name illumining the road to follow like a shining sun.

"It seems that our country has become almost independent, doesn't it? The day of independence is not so distant because General Kim Il Sung is reportedly using the art of earth-contraction.... Who can deny that he got aboard this vessel? Those letters are a sign of inevitable destruction of Japanese imperialist scoundrels," some workers said.

These letters reading "Kim Il Sung, Commander of Korean Independence" were written on the ceiling of the steerage of Pusan-Shimonoseki ferryboat, "Koan Maru."

The beacon of national liberation lit by Marshal Kim Il Sung had penetrated Japan bristling with bayonets. This is the meaning of these letters.

This great name, "General Kim Il Sung" and his high reputation instilled the vigour and courage for resurrection into the Korean compatriots in Japan, and inspired them with the indomitable fighting spirit for freedom and liberation.

So, they continued to fight on stubbornly against Japanese imperialism, looking to him and drawing strength and courage from the anti-Japanese armed struggle under his command.

A Korean worker in Kyoto had wandered from one place to another, to earn bread. At last, he realized that for independence he must go back to Korea. He said to two of his friends, "We must go to Mt. Baekdu where General Kim Il Sung is," and the three Korean workers left Japan in 1940, after making some necessary preparations.

Ten Korean students studying at Japanese universities in Tokyo visited Kyongsong, Kilju, Hoiryong and Chientao, in order to become soldiers of Marshal Kim Il Sung whom they had devotedly adored.

A Korean student in Tokyo bought and sent a mimeograph to the anti-Japanese guerrillas who were carrying on hard battles for the restoration of the fatherland.

In Tokyo one group of Korean labourers held secret reading meetings, and strengthened their conviction in the unavoidable ruin of Japanese imperialism and the liberation of the fatherland.

Korean compatriots, too in Tsurumi, Kanagawa Prefecture were boundlessly inspired by the torch raised aloft by Marshal Kim Il Sung at the Baekdu Ranges for the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and organized a trade union in face of the surveillance and severe suppression of the Japanese imperialist military police and the special high police. They kept on struggle.

A certain Korean said, "I have never forgot the song of the 10-Point Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland. I learned it at a secret night school in my native place. Indeed, I got strength from the story that General Kim Il Sung was fighting for the independence of the fatherland and the liberation of the Korean people."

The intolerable national discrimination and insult, ruthless oppression, brutal torture and massacring could not prevent Korean compatriots in Japan from fighting on with renewed strength, looking only to Marshal Kim Il Sung as the sun of the nation.

The source of strength which had enabled the Korean compatriots in Japan in those days, gallantly to battle the persecution and oppression of the Japanese imperialist beasts, was the awareness that Marshal Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation, would surely restore the fatherland, defeating the Japanese imperialist aggressors.

At such a grave period, the Korean compatriots in Japan had turned their eyes toward the Baekdu Ranges where Marshal Kim Il Sung was and continued their struggle, seeking future happiness and hope in it. They all extend the greatest glory and the warmest thanks to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great sun of the nation and peerless patriot, and firmly resolve to remain loyal only to him.

(Continued from page 2)

found in content but also are replete with revolutionary content of universal significance, for they took shape in the course of embodying the great ideas of *Juche* of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

The heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle was also a great revolutionary war of great significance for the development of the anti-imperialist, national liberation struggle of the peoples in the colonies and dependent countries of the world and the international communist movement.

The glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle which made a great contribution to the international anti-fascist movement set a pioneer's example in the world to national liberation struggle in the colonies and greatly helped toward the development of the world revolutionary movement by defeating Japanese imperialism which was one of the chieftains of world imperialism at that time.

Especially, the anti-Japanese armed struggle demonstrated through practice the truth that the peoples in the colonies and dependent countries, if they were to win national independence and freedom, should fight uncompromisingly against imperialism and defeat counter-revolutionary violence with revolutionary armed forces.

Marshal Kim Il Sung taught us: **"Our experience shows that the oppressed people should wage a resolute struggle against the oppressors in order to achieve the country's liberation and national independence, and that the armed struggle is the most active and the most decisive form of that struggle."**

The anti-Japanese armed struggle, by dealing heavy blows, political and military, at Japanese imperialism, made a great contribution to the anti-imperialist, national liberation struggle of the peoples of the colonies and semi-colonial dependent countries and the precious exploits made and experiences accumulated in this course serve today as theoretical and practical weapons for the national liberation struggle in colonies, which are making a great contribution to the development of the anti-imperialist, national liberation struggle and the international communist movement.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle of the Korean people was also a revolutionary war which was infinitely faithful to the national duty as well as to the proletarian internationalist duty.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by Marshal Kim Il Sung defended with arms the Soviet Union, the only socialist state, and aided with blood the Chinese people in their revolutionary struggle for 15 long years under the banner of proletarian internationalism, and, furthermore, powerfully inspired and stirred the peoples in the colonies and semi-colonial dependent countries in their anti-imperialist national liberation struggle, thus making a great contribution to the development of the world revolution.

In the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle Marshal Kim Il Sung gave an all-round exposition of the most steadfast anti-imperialist revolutionary idea that no illusion should be harboured about imperialism, that imperialism should be fought resolutely to the end.

The anti-imperialist revolutionary line and fighting strategy run through with the great ideas of *Juche* put forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, and the precious exploits performed and rich experiences of the anti-imperialist struggle accumulated in the course of carrying them to brilliant fulfilment are of really great significance for the development of the anti-imperialist national liberation struggle.

The idea of Marshal Kim Il Sung that violence should be resisted with violence and the counter-revolutionary force of arms should be crushed with the revolutionary force of arms illumines brightly the road ahead of the anti-imperialist, national liberation struggle in the colonies and gives a concrete answer to the ways of the anti-imperialist struggle.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, in the course of implementing the line of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, accumulated a wealth of new, precious experiences, the experiences of the upbuilding of the revolutionary armed forces, the experiences of conducting the armed struggle in organic combination with the political struggle and other forms of struggle, the founding of the strategy and tactics of the guerrilla warfare and so forth.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, newly developing the Marxist-Leninist doctrine, also founded numerous original revolutionary theories such as the theory of the state and revolution, the theory of the line of the united anti-imperialist front and the joint action and thus enriched the treasure-house of Marxism-Leninism.

All these valuable exploits performed and rich experiences accumulated by Marshal Kim Il Sung in the course of leading the anti-Japanese armed struggle to a shining victory make a really great contribution to the development of the world anti-imperialist, national liberation movement and the international communist movement today.

The brilliant history of the anti-Japanese national liberation struggle and the communist movement in Korea is the brilliant revolutionary history of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, and a history of a great victory won in advancing under his wise leadership.

We should arm ourselves more firmly with the glorious revolutionary traditions of the WPK and the Party policies and thus establish more firmly the unitary ideological system of the Party to become the revolutionary soldiers infinitely faithful to the Leader and accelerate socialist construction and promote the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution.

DPRK Government Issues Statement Supporting Joint Declaration of Summit Conference of Indochinese Peoples

(Continued from page 1)

This reflects the unanimous aspirations of the Indochinese peoples and fully accords with the desire of all the peace- and justice-loving progressive peoples of the world.

The recent Summit Conference has greatly contributed to intensifying the anti-U.S. joint struggle of the Indochinese peoples and developing it to a new, higher stage.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people bitterly denounce the atrocities of massacre and criminal acts perpetrated by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys against the Indochinese peoples and fully support the joint declaration of the Summit Conference of the Indochinese Peoples dated Apr. 25, 1970.

The U.S. imperialists have been waging for a long time a brigandish war of aggression against the Vietnamese people and they provoked a "special war" against the Laotian people and incessantly committed provocative acts and coup plots against Cambodia, wantonly trampling upon the 1954 Geneva agreements on Indochina and the 1962 Geneva agreements on Laos that recognize the independence, peace, unity and territorial integrity.

As they have suffered repeated setbacks and their aggressive plan has proved bankrupt in face of the stubborn resistance of the Indochinese peoples, the U.S. imperialists have become all the more frantic in their war expansion manoeuvres, foolishly attempting to easily attain their aggressive design by the crafty method of "making Asians fight Asians."

The U.S. imperialists are trying to perpetuate their military occupation of South Vietnam, dragging on their war of aggression in Vietnam under the cloak of "Vietnamization" of the war, and are intensifying their armed intervention in Laos and inveigling Cambodia into the shambles of their criminal war of aggression after engineering a reactionary coup d'etat in that country.

The coup d'etat of the Cambodian right-wing reactionaries was a link in the sinister moves of the U.S. imperialists to expand the flame of war to the whole of Indochina by sowing the seeds of discord and hostile sentiments among the peoples of Cambodia, Vietnam and Laos and setting them against each other.

With no desperate manoeuvres, however, can the U.S. imperialists save their already declining destiny or arrest the struggle of the Indochinese peoples who have risen up in a heroic resistance against U.S. imperialism and for national salvation.

The struggle of the peoples of Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia against the U.S. imperialists today is a sacred struggle for the freedom and national independence of their countries and a just struggle for safeguarding peace in Indochina and Southeast Asia.

The Korean people express firm solidarity with the Khmer people who, in response to the call of Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, are struggling against the U.S imperialists' manoeuvres of aggression and for expelling the right-wing reactionary force and for defending the neutrality, independence and territorial integrity of Cambodia.

The Korean people expressed firm militant solidarity with the Laotian people who, under the leadership of the Laotian Patriotic Front, are fighting valiantly against the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys.

The Korean people express firm militant solidarity with the Vietnamese people who, upholding the testament of President Ho Chi Minh, are waging the struggle against U.S. imperialism and for national salvation to liberate the South, defend the North and achieve the peaceful unification of the fatherland.

The U.S. imperialists must stop all the acts of aggression against the peoples of Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia and take at once the blood-stained talons of aggression off Indochina.

The situation in Cambodia should be straightened out in accordance with the five-point declaration of Samdech Sihanouk dated Mar. 23, 1970, the Laotian question be settled in accordance with the five-point declaration of the Central Committee of the Laotian Patriotic Front dated Mar. 6, 1970 and the South Vietnam issue be solved in conformity with the 10-point overall solution advanced by the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam.

The Korean people will, in the future, too, fight resolutely against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, holding high the revolutionary banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle and, always standing firm on the side of the Indochinese peoples, will actively support and encourage them with might and main in the just cause.

The three peoples of Indochina enjoying the strong support of the revolutionary peoples of the whole world will, with united strength, sweep away the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their flunkeys and certainly win final victory.

April 29, 1970
Pyongyang

Summit Conference of Indochinese Peoples Held in Face of Present Situation in Indochina

PYONGYANG, Apr. 28 (KCNA) —The Summit Conference of the Indochinese Peoples was held at a place in the frontier region of Laos, Vietnam and China from Apr. 24 to 25 on the initiative of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, according to a Hsinhua report from Peking.

This conference was attended by the delegation of the Cambodian people headed by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea; the delegation of the Laotian people headed by His Highness Prince Souphanouvong, Chairman of the Laotian Patriotic Front; the delegation of the people of the Republic of South Vietnam headed by Nguyen Huu Tho, President of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation and President of the Advisory Council of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam; and the delegation of the people of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam headed by Pham Van Dong, Premier of the Government of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

The conference discussed questions of the present situation in Indochina and the struggle of the three Indochinese peoples against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, and their lackeys.

A joint declaration was announced yesterday in connection with this conference in Peking, Hanoi and Sam Neua.

The joint declaration pointed out that the conference, after an exchange of views, arrived at a unanimous appraisal of the present situation in Indochina and of the struggle of the three Indochinese peoples against the common enemy, the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their lackeys and stressed that the three peoples of Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam achieved independence, sovereignty, unity and territorial integrity after long years of heroic struggle against the French colonialists and the American interventionists.

The joint declaration noted that over the past 15 years the U.S. imperialists, in the hope of realising their dream of world hegemony, have perpetrated crimes of unheard-of barbarity on the Indochina Peninsula to turn the Indochinese states into colonies of a new type and military bases and that in the face of this common enemy, the peoples of Indochina fought side by side in defence of their sacred national rights, inflicting serious defeat on the U.S. imperialists.

It pointed out:

The brilliant victories of the three Indochinese peoples have deflated the arrogance of the American imperialists, the ringleader of imperialism and the most ferocious enemy of all mankind, thus bringing enormous difficulties to them both within the United States and in the world. These victories have proved that with all their brute force, the American imperialists will nevertheless be battered when they encroach upon the sacred right to existence of a people who are united and determined to fight to the end for the independence and freedom of their fatherland. They constitute an important contribution and great encouragement to the struggle of the peoples of the world for independence and peace.

After stating that in spite of heavy defeats, the U.S. imperialists, obstinate in their scheme, have not abandoned their criminal aims of aggression against the Indochinese peoples, the joint declaration exposed the facts that they have done their utmost to "Vietnamize" the war to perpetuate American military occupation of South Vietnam, intensified the "special war" in Laos and engineered the coup d'etat of Mar. 18, 1970 against the Khmer people and against the policy of Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, which essentially aims at safeguarding the peace, independence and neutrality of Cambodia and at strengthening the solidarity and friendship between the Indochinese peoples.

It emphasized:

It is obvious that the American imperialists now seek at all costs to prolong and expand the war in Indochina, gravely menacing the peace in Southeast Asia and the world. It is a pressing demand of the day to stop and smash resolutely all the schemes and acts of the American warmongers.

At this historic moment, the Summit Conference of the Indochinese Peoples urgently calls on the three peoples to strengthen their solidarity, fight with heroism and tenacity and defy all hardships and sacrifices with the firm determination to defeat the American imperialists and their lackeys, defend the genuine national rights and defend the fundamental principle of the Geneva agreements of 1954 and 1962, so that Indochina may truly become an area of independence and peace in conformity with the aspirations of the three peoples and the interests of peace in Southeast Asia and the world.

Referring to the present situation of Cambodia, the joint declaration continued: The conference expresses its resolute support to the heroic struggle of the Khmer people who, in response to the call of Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, have risen throughout the country and waged a fierce struggle with weapons in hand or in other forms, with the firm determination to expel the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak coup d'etat clique and frustrate the American imperialists' schemes of aggression. It expresses its full support to the five-point declaration of Mar. 23, 1970 of Head of State Samdech Norodom Sihanouk. It condemns the collective massacres of defenceless civilians, Cambodians and Vietnamese and Chinese nationals carried out by the fascist and racist Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique for the purpose of camouflaging the American imperialists, intervention and aggression. It vigorously condemns all attempts by the United States and its flunkeys as well as reactionaries in Asia to abuse the name of the United Nations or any international or Asian organisation or conference for legalizing the illegal power of the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak reactionaries and intervening in Cambodia.

The joint declaration also expressed resolute support to the valiant struggle of the Laotian people under the leadership of the Laotian Patriotic Front against the American imperialists and their flunkeys and to the tenacious and heroic struggle of the Vietnamese people against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their flunkeys.

The joint declaration said with emphasis:

In the face of the treacherous manoeuvres of the United States which, with the "Nixon doctrine," attempts to make Asians fight Asians and sow discord and provoke chauvinistic hatreds between the three peoples of Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam, the conference calls on the three peoples to redouble their vigilance, strengthen their solidarity and intensify the struggle against the common enemy—American imperialism and its flunkeys in the three countries—until complete victory.

Inspired by the principle that the liberation and defence of each country is the affairs of its own people, the different parties undertake to do everything possible to render mutual support in accordance with the desire of the interested party and on the basis of mutual respect, the joint declaration stressed, and said:

The parties agree that meetings will take place whenever it is necessary between their highest-level leaders or between competent representatives for exchange of views on problems of common interest.

The joint declaration called on the peoples and governments of the socialist countries, of the countries which love peace and justice throughout the world and the American people to strongly oppose, and demand an immediate cessation of, the American imperialist aggression and intervention and to give increased support to the just struggle of the three peoples of Indochina until final victory.

It expressed full support to the struggle of the Korean people against the American imperialist aggressors and for the liberation of the southern half of the country and the unification of Korea and

(Continued on page 6)

Photo: The representatives of Cambodia at the Summit Conference of the Indochinese Peoples (First row, third from right, Prince Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea)

U.S. Imperialists, Take Your Blood-Stained Hands off Cambodia at Once!

Rodong Sinmun Demands

PYONGYANG, May 2 (KCNA) — An editorial of today's Rodong Sinmun vehemently denounces the U.S. imperialists who started on May 1 a criminal, large-scale armed attack on Cambodia.

Noting that by the armed attack on Cambodia the U.S. imperialists once again openly reveals their ferocious aggressive nature, the editorial says: This is a vicious move to completely reduce Cambodia to their colony and a heinous act designed to turn the whole of Indochina into a battleground in their war of aggression and stamp out the just liberation struggle of the peoples in this region for freedom and independence.

This, the editorial says, is a new grave act wrecking peace in Indochina and an open provocation against the peace in Asia and the world. It is also a malicious challenge to the world progressive people fighting to achieve the national liberation, defend their sovereignty and achieve social progress.

The Korean people denounce and condemn with deep resentment the ferocious armed attack of the U.S. imperialist aggressors on Cambodia and strongly demand the beasts take their blood-stained hands off Cambodia, the editorial says. It coninues:

The U.S. imperialist armed attack on Cambodia is a premeditated act of aggression. The U.S. imperialists had regarded independent and neutral Cambodia led by Prince Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, as a thorn in the flesh and a main obstacle to their aggression in Indochina.

Recalling that the U.S. imperialists had resorted to every conceivable vicious means to overthrow the regime of Prince Sihanouk, threatening the Cambodian people by ceaseless armed provocations along Cambodian frontiers while escalating their war of aggression in Vietnam and Laos, the editorial continues: The U.S. imperialists engineered the right-wing clique of Cambodia to stage a coup d'etat in March last. This was an outright violation of the independence, neutrality and sovereignty of Cambodia and a foul aggressive act intended to place Cambodia under the U.S. imperialist control.

The U.S. imperialist armed invasion of Cambodia shows with added clarity that the U.S. imperialists are the consummate robbers who stoop to any infamy from subversive acts and military coup plots to all-out armed attack for committing aggression on other countries and stamping out the national independence of the peoples.

This also sheds light to the fact that the U.S. imperialists, while paying lip-service to "declaration" of their ignominious war of aggression in Indochina under the hypocritical slogans of "peace in Vietnam" and "Vietnamization of the Vietnam war" and so forth, have stepped up tirelessly the intrigues to escalate their war of aggression behind the smokescreen of this deceptive propaganda and made a desperate attempt to inveigle Cambodia into their war of aggression in Indochina and spread the flames of the war of aggression to the whole of Indochina.

This armed attack also brings to daylight the aggressive nature of the socalled "Nixon doctrine" by which the Nixon clique mean to put into effect their filthy aim of Asian aggression by making the Asians fight Asians while misleading the world public opinion to create the impression that they would gradually take hands off Asia, but in fact frantically carrying on the manoeuvres for aggression and war against the Asian peoples staying on in this region.

A grave situation has been created in Cambodia due to the U.S. imperialist armed aggression against the Cambodian people, and the national independence and freedom of the Cambodian people have been placed in a greater danger and the general situation of Indochina entered upon a more grave phase.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution taught us:

"All events taking place in the international arena substantiate still more clearly that U.S. imperialism is the main force of aggression and war, the international gendarme, the bulwark of modern colonialism and the most heinous enemy of the peoples of the whole world."

The armed invasion of Cambodia by the U.S. imperialists has once again brought into a salient relief the beasts' truculent nature.

Noting that warmaniac Nixon the rascal describes their aggressive act as a move for "protecting" Cambodia, asserting that their outright armed attack against the Cambodian people is not aggression, the editorial says: This is a brigandish logic which can be put forth only by such burglars as the U.S. imperialists.

The editorial continues:

The struggle of the Cambodian people against the U.S. imperialists' aggression and the U.S.-engineered military coup is a just struggle for the freedom and independence of their country. How can this righteous struggle of the Cambodian people be an "aggression" and how can the U.S. imperialists' brigandish armed invasion be a "protection" from aggression?"

Such sophistry is the vicious ruse of aggression practised by the U.S. imperialists each time they provoke a war of aggression.

It is known to everyone that the U.S. imperialists kindled the flame of an aggressive war in Korea in the past under the pretext of "aggression from the North" and ignited their war of aggression in Vietnam under the same pretext.

In an attempt to legalize the U.S. imperialist armed invasion of Cambodia, Nixon in his T.V. address hammered away at the poppycock that this was aimed at "protecting the lives of Americans in Vietnam" and the like.

The "Americans" in South Vietnam are none other than the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops.

The fact itself that the U.S. imperialists are waging a dirty war of aggression with the mobilization of their huge aggression force and troops of their satellite countries and puppets in Vietnam, is an atrocious criminal act against the freedom and independence of the Vietnamese people and root cause of the disturbance of security and peace in Indochina.

The U.S. imperialists have viciously manoeuvred to expand the war of aggression in Vietnam to the whole of Indochina ever since they provoked it. These criminal manoeuvres of the beasts have been perpetrated in a more cunning and malicious way since Nixon, the notorious war-monger and arrant cutthroat took office as president. They had incessantly invaded the Cambodian frontiers with the mobilization of their aggressor troops and puppet troops in South Vietnam.

Nixon's balderdash that the U.S. imperialist armed attack is aimed at "protecting Americans" and the like is, in the final analysis, no more than a vicious pretext he invented to expand their war of aggression in Vietnam to Cambodia and convert the whole of Indochina into a battleground of the war of aggression.

In his recent T.V. address Nixon shot off his mouth, openly declaring his intention to expand the war of aggression to the whole of Indochina and, furthermore, leave no means untouched in suppressing the national liberation struggle of the peoples for freedom and liberation, national independence and social progress in various parts of the world.

The U.S. imperialists are now madly running about to provoke a new war in Korea. Following the incidents of the intrusion of the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" and their spy plane "EC-121" into our country, the beasts largely reinforced their aggressor armed forces in South Korea and staged with greater frequency military exercises designed to provoke a new war and viciously perpetrated military provocations against our side in the areas along the Military Demarcation Line.

As all the facts show, the U.S. imperialists are hard at work to increase tension and kindle flame of war of aggression everywhere in Asia.

Now the Japanese militarists are dancing to the drum beating of the U.S. imperialists in the latter's downright armed invasion against the Cambodian people. The Japanese militarists who are being deeply drawn into the U.S. imperialist war of aggression against the Vietnamese people and are watching for a chance to realize their wild aggressive ambition in Southeast Asia, lost no time in zealously backing the U.S. imperialists immediately after they launched armed invasion in Cambodia, palavering that this was "an inevitable measure taken to protect the neutrality of Cambodia" and so forth. This once again stripped naked the true colors of the Japanese militarists who are mad over their manoeuvres to launch aggression against the Asian people in conspiracy with the U.S. imperialists.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique of South Korea also revealed their true colors as despicable stooge of the U.S. imperialists by supporting the U.S. imperialist armed invasion of Cambodia.

The U.S. imperialists' brigandish armed invasion of Cambodia should be checked and frustrated at once.

For all their frantic moves to stifle the struggle of the Cambodian people for freedom and independence, the U.S. imperialists can never block the road of the Cambodian people.

As was manifested in the Summit Conference of the Indochinese Peoples convened recently, the Indochinese peoples are firmly resolved to fight heroically in firm unity and knock down the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys and defend their national rights and turn their countries into independent and peaceful areas and thereby contribute to the cause of peace in Southeast Asia and the world.

The struggle of the Cambodian people and the Indochinese peoples are not only a struggle for the freedom and independence of their countries but also a struggle for peace in Asia and the world and a struggle that powerfully encourages the struggle of the world revolutionary peoples for freedom and liberation.

The just struggle of the Indochinese peoples is bound to triumph.

The Korean people will always hold aloft the revolutionary banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle and fight relentlessly against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the common enemy, and actively support and encourage with might and main the just struggle of the Cambodian peoples and stand foursquare behind the Indochinese peoples.

At a time when the independence of the Cambodian people is further violated due to the armed invasion of the U.S. imperialists and a grave situation had been created in the whole areas of Indochina, the peoples of all the socialist countries and peace-loving peoples should stand firm on the side of the Cambodian people and Indochinese peoples struggling courageously against the U.S. imperialist aggression and actively support and encourage their struggle.

When all the revolutionary forces and peace-loving forces of the world unite and frustrate the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvres of aggression and war, the beasts will be certainly defeated.

The root cause of peace and security in Indochina being wantonly violated and the flame of war raging in Indochina, lies in the U.S. imperialist aggression on Indochina. Genuine peace can be restored in Indochina and the people win their freedom and independence on the principle of national self-determination only after the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops are forced out of these areas.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of our people, pointed out:

"With no amount of desperate endeavour, can U.S. imperialism and its stooges escape their doom already numbered like a sun setting behind western hills in Asia. The more the U.S. imperialists intensify their policy of war and aggression in Asia the greater resistance of the Asian people they will encounter. The Eastern peoples will unfold an uncompromising, determined struggle for the building of an independent prosperous new Asia and thereby knock down the colonial system of the imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism once and for all."

The revolutionary struggle of the peoples with arms in hand for freedom and independence is sure to triumph and the doom of U.S. imperialism is inevitable.

The U.S. imperialists should take their blood-stained hands off Cambodia and quit there at once.

The U.S. imperialists should promptly stop their war of aggression in Indochina and immediately pull out of Indochina and all other areas of Asia, taking their aggressor troops and lethal weapons along.

(Continued from page 5)

the struggles of the peoples of the world for peace, independence, democracy and social progress, against the bellicose American imperialist aggressors, against all forms of old and new colonialism.

The conference expresses its firm conviction that the three Indochinese peoples on their victorious advance will make full use of their position of having the initiative and being on the offensive and persistently carry on and intensify the struggle in all fields and will certainly win complete victory, the joint declaration concluded.

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